

# Carbon footprint policy and carbon reduction plan

Our CO<sub>2</sub> strategy is to create value for cosmetics brands by helping them to reduce emissions



## **Executive summary**



#### Our strategy is to create value for cosmetics brands by helping them to reduce emissions

Situation Cosmetics brands are under pressure to reduce their CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, as well as the CO<sub>2</sub> intensity of their products

<u>Challenge</u> Their challenge is to find suppliers that provide low CO<sub>2</sub> ingredients, while maintaining quality and reliability

Key question How does Provital help brands to reduce their CO₂ emissions while maintaining quality and reliability?

<u>The answer</u> We have a clear carbon reduction strategy, supported by transparent data and backed by an ambitious and detailed plan

## 1. Clear carbon reduction strategy We create value by helping brands to reduce their emissions

- We understand the pressure our customers are under in terms of carbon reduction, as well as the risks and scenarios they face
- That is why we create value for our customers by helping them to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- We also provide high-quality, detailed data to enable them to demonstrate their progress.

## 2. Detailed and transparent data We provide clear data relating to our carbon footprint and products

- Scope 1: 312 t CO<sub>2</sub>-eq. (2021, primarily industrial heat)
- Scope 2: 31 t CO₂-eq. (2021)
- Scope 3: 5,019 t CO₂-eq. (2021, primarily related to purchased raw materials)
- Intensity: 3.94 kg CO₂-eq. per kg of product manufactured (2021)
- Data audited by AENOR and published on the CDP website

## 3. Robust and evidence-based carbon reduction plan

Ambitious targets backed by rigorous operational planning

- Targets: 42% absolute reduction of Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2030, and 33-50% reduction of product CO₂ eq./kg emissions by 2030.
- Reduction plan: 17 measures, with a focus on ingredient substitution, business model design and alternative industrial heating.
- Climate contributions: CO₂ reduction is more important than compensation. Nonetheless in 2023 we contributed €75,000 to Verified Carbon Standard climate initiatives, corresponding to all of our 2021 base-year emissions

## Foreword by the Director General



#### Our strategy is to create value for cosmetics brands by helping them to reduce emissions

Thank you for your interest in learning more about how we are trying to improve our carbon footprint.

As a successful SME in a growing sector, Provital is experiencing rapid growth. We are presented with the challenge of preventing our company's growth from leading to increased emissions. Our policy is based on transparency in terms of what we have achieved so far, and on taking responsibility for what remains to be done in terms of our environmental management.

Provital is known for providing clear, well-documented scientific data on the quality and effectiveness of our products. We want to bring the same level of scientific rigor and clarity to our communications on sustainability.

Our carbon footprint management plan is aligned with these priorities. It is **a rigorous and transparent plan**, based not on vague goals, wishful thinking or future technologies, but on setting ourselves carbon reduction targets that are backed up by detailed operational planning and concrete initiatives. However, we see this management plan as a work in progress to be continually improved upon.

Below are a few key points we would like to share with you regarding our carbon footprint:

- Provital is an SME with a relatively small carbon footprint. In terms of CO<sub>2</sub> intensity, our emissions are 3.94 kg CO<sub>2</sub>/kg of product. The vast majority of our emissions are Scope 3 and are related to the purchase of our raw materials and the transportation of our finished product.
- In this plan, we explain two carbon reduction targets. The first is an intensity target. We commit to reducing our carbon emissions intensity (measured in terms of CO₂ per kg of product manufactured) by 33–50% by 2030. The second target is the absolute reduction of our Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 42% by 2030, in line with the Paris Agreement.

We understand that reducing Scope 3 emissions is a challenge for our customers, and that we can support them in this by providing clear and transparent data on our emissions, our products, and our carbon reduction. We therefore invite our customers to contact us for more details on our carbon footprint management.

Ricard Armengol CEO

### Introduction: definitions and context

#### Climate change, carbon footprint and greenhouse gases (GHGs)



<u>Climate change</u> is the term used to describe the <u>change in temperature</u> and other climate variables, which is happening at a speed and intensity never seen before in human history, and is caused by human activity, specifically and primarily the burning of fossil fuels.



We are already witnessing the **impacts** of this phenomenon:

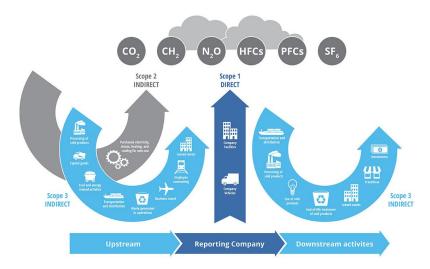
- **Extreme weather events**, such as cold drops, storms and hurricanes, which are becoming more intense and more frequent.
- More intense heat waves, which are also lasting longer and happening more frequently.
- Extreme droughts and megafires.

These impacts are also harmful at both economic and social levels, leading to increasingly serious consequences such as damage to crops and food production, and health risks.

<u>Carbon footprint</u> is an <u>environmental indicator</u> that aims to reflect the total amount of <u>greenhouse gases</u> (GHGs) emitted as a direct or indirect effect of an individual, organization, event or product, and is commonly expressed in tonnes of  $CO_2$  equivalent (tCO<sub>2</sub>-eq.).

It is calculated by creating an **inventory of the organization's GHG emissions**, differentiating between 3 types of emissions:

- **Scope 1 -** the company's direct emissions
- **Scope 2 -** indirect emissions generated by purchasing electricity
- **Scope 3 -** indirect emissions generated by upstream and downstream business activity



## Carbon footprint policy and reduction plan Section 1



## Carbon reduction strategy

We create value by helping brands to reduce their emissions

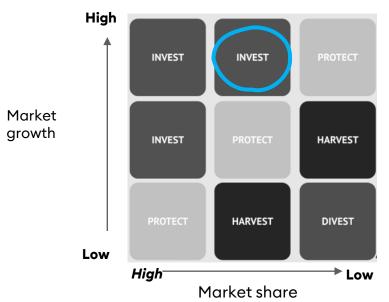
Please contact us to find out how our ingredient design can contribute to your emissions reductions

### **Business strategy and carbon reduction**



Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> is the right thing to do. It also aligns with our market and our business strategy

#### Market dynamics



We have a growing share of a growing market.

The logical strategy is to invest.

#### **Business strategy**

Target Scope	Advantage				
ranger, occupe	Low Cost	Product Uniqueness			
Broad (Industry Wide)	Cost Leadership Strategy	Differentiation Strategy			
Narrow (Market Segment)	Focus Strategy (low cost)	Focus Strategy (differentiation)			

We must invest in product differentiation. This means we need to understand our customers, stay in tune with them, and keep meeting their needs.



**What our clients need** is to demonstrate real sustainability progress, backed up with data, while maintaining quality



### Our customers need to reduce their emissions



### Why do they need to reduce their emissions?

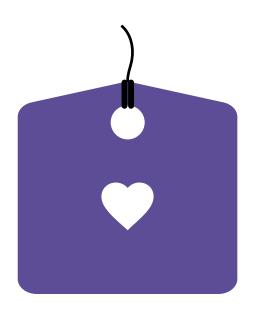
#### **Regulatory requirements** Market requirements **GLOBAL** COSMETIC United Nations Framework Convention on **MANUFACTURERS** Climate Change (1992) - COPs. Kyoto Protocol (1997). Paris Agreement (2015). **EUROPEAN UNION** IMPACT INDEX **Emissions Trading Scheme Regulations (Directive EcoBeautyScore** CONSORTIUM 2003/87/EC) and Industrial Emissions Regulations (Directive 2010/75/EU). ecovadis European Climate Law (EU Regulation 2021/1119). Regulation on the Governance of the Energy Union and Climate Action (2018/1999). The 4 pillars of a SMETA NATIONAL AND LOCAL

#### In terms of carbon reduction, cosmetics brands need:

- <u>Low-carbon</u> ingredients
- Suppliers who can offer them **<u>quality data on CO<sub>2</sub> intensity</u>** and emission reductions
- The ability to **demonstrate that they are working with suppliers** (like Provital) on carbon reduction.

We want to establish ourselves as the main partner for cosmetics brands in minimizing their carbon footprint. How can we support these brands to effectively reduce emissions?

1. We reduce the embedded emissions in our products



By cutting the emissions intensity of our products (kg CO<sub>2</sub>/ kg of our product) we are reducing the Scope 3 emissions of our clients, and the emissions intensity of their products 2. We provide brands with carbon reduction data and evidence of supply chain engagement



Cosmetics brands are under pressure to demonstrate that they are engaging with their supply chain and that their Scope 3 emissions are declining. We proactively provide them solutions and evidence to fulfill both point

3. We work with them to design tailor-made products



We work with customers to design low-carbon ingredients that match the application, efficacy and format they are targeting.

## Risk and opportunity analysis



The main risk for Provital would be not being correctly positioned when the market prioritizes carbon emission reductions. The purpose of this policy is to minimize this risk.

Physical risks	Transition risks	Litigation risks
<ul> <li>Changing climatic conditions</li> <li>Extreme weather events</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Political changes</li><li>Technological innovation</li><li>Social adaptation</li></ul>	<ul><li>Disputes between interested parties</li><li>Regulatory enforcement</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Direct damage to asset or property</li> <li>Lack of access to key ingredients in</li> </ul>	Disruptions due to adjustments towards a low-carbon economy	Failure to consider and respond to the legal implications of climate change
our supply chain	Not positioning ourselves effectively for	Not being prepared for new regulations
Reduced water supply	the market shift to low-carbon products.	<ul> <li>Stranded products with a CO₂ profile that makes them unprofitable in a new</li> </ul>
Disruptions to inbound and outbound transport	<ul> <li>Not considering the impact of CO₂ on our material costs.</li> </ul>	regulatory environment.

#### **Opportunity**

Beat the competition with a robust and resilient supply chain

#### **Opportunity**

Innovate and become a market leader with low-carbon products.

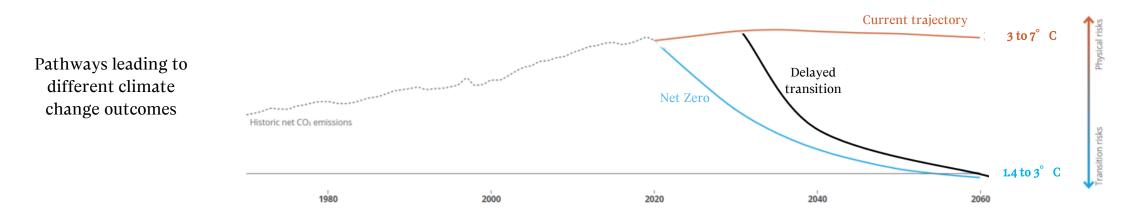
#### **Opportunity**

Add value for our customers by providing them with the best data

### 2030 scenario analysis



Unfortunately, it is still unclear how society will react to the threat of climate change. Therefore, our plan is designed to minimize risk and maximize benefit in several potential scenarios



	Net Zero	Delayed transition	Current trajectory
The pathway we are on in 2030:	Both society and government begin to take climate change very seriously	We are afraid of damaging the economy, so society and government take action, but slowly	Society and government continue as before
Consumer behavior in 2030	<ul> <li>Consumers demand to know the carbon footprint of products and base their buying decisions on this information</li> </ul>	Consumer preference for low-carbon products is increasing	The importance of sustainability is the same as it is now.
Regulatory landscape in 2030	<ul> <li>Measurement, reporting, reduction plans</li> <li>Border tariffs</li> <li>Carbon taxes</li> </ul>	Mandatory measurement, reporting, reduction plans	No new regulations
Supply chain	Border tariffs	<ul> <li>Certain raw materials are not available</li> <li>Increased raw material costs</li> <li>Transport problems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Many suppliers collapse; some raw materials are not available</li> <li>Costs increase</li> <li>Frequent transport problems</li> </ul>
Competitors	<ul> <li>Brands compete to have products with the lowest carbon footprint</li> <li>Brands transform their business models, otherwise they fail</li> </ul>	Brands compete to have the products with the lowest carbon footprint	<ul> <li>Brand reformulate products according to the raw materials available</li> <li>Brands seek new materials and suppliers</li> </ul>

### The plan matches our strengths

#### Provital is known for providing clear and well-documented scientific data

GREENWASHING Evidence-based

Includes "willful ignorance" around information, with malicious intent.

Includes ignorance without malicious intent. Also includes the use of targets that are purely aspirational.

Includes statements based on data and evidence. As well as the use of targets that are "feasible but with no guarantee of success".

Our carbon reduction policy and plan are here

"Provital is known for providing clear, well-documented scientific data on the quality and effectiveness of our products. We want to bring the same level of scientific rigor and clarity to our communications on sustainability."

Read our sustainability policy here: <a href="https://www.weareprovital.com/en/our-impact">https://www.weareprovital.com/en/our-impact</a>





## Transparent data

We provide clear data about our carbon footprint & our products

Contact us for any additional data you may need to demonstrate progress on your CO<sub>2</sub> reductions

## Carbon footprint summary Base year: 2021

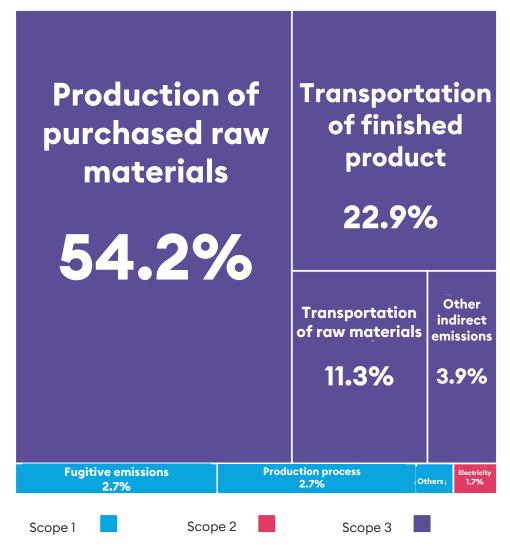
Carbon management Carbon footprint Reduction plan

Provital started measuring GHG emissions in 2019. However, we have established our base year as 2021 to recalibrate the effect of the pandemic and because it is the first year for which data is available from all our subsidiaries.

#### Total emissions

Total emissions	5,362	Tonnes of CO₂ -eq.
Scope 3 emissions	5,019	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.
Scope 2 emissions	31	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.
Scope 1 emissions	312	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.

<u>Period</u>	1 January 2021 – 31 December 2021
<u>Operations</u>	Production of cosmetic ingredients
Data sources and quality	All data are from primary sources, based on kg of raw materials purchased and products sold, shipping kilometers, supplier invoices and equipment readings.
<u>Verification</u>	This measurement has been reviewed by an independent third party.
Organizational boundaries	Financial Consolidation Approach (extended). The data shown here includes Provital S.A. head office and production, as well as subsidiaries. (More details on the next page).
Operational boundaries	85% of raw materials are included. The transportation of raw materials is measured from our upstream supplier.
Base year	This is the second year that Provital has measured emissions. It will be taken as the base year because it is more complete than the previous measurement.
Methodology	The carbon footprint has been measured by the eco-design company, inèdit, in accordance with ISO 14646 and GHG Protocol standards. Emission factors are sourced from the Spanish government and ecoinvent.

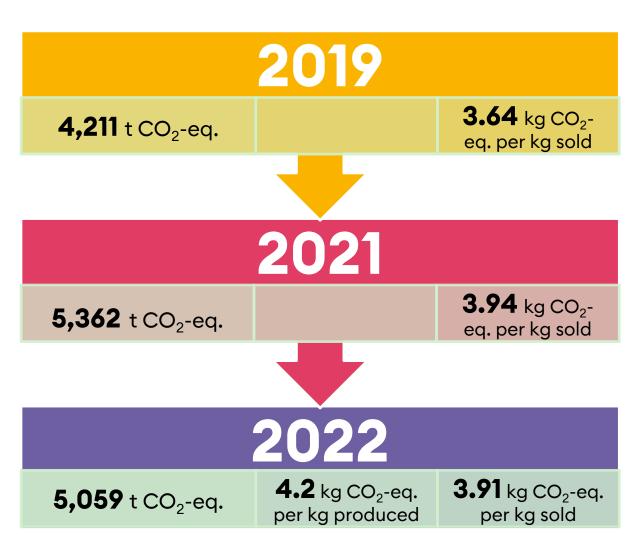


## Details of Provital's carbon footprint, 2021

ISO14064 category (all units are in tonne	s of CO₂-eq.)	Spo	ain	Fro	ınce	Pol	and	Cł	ina	Br	azil	Catego	ry TOTAL
1 Stationary combustion	Fuel heating system	0.04	0.00%	0.13	0.81%	4.13	2.12%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	4.30	0.08%
2 Mobile combustion	Company vehicles	9.82	0.20%	3.93	24.57%	7.55	3.87%	0.00	0.00%	0.78	0.38%	22.08	0.41%
3 Emissions related to the production process	Industrial boiler	141.47	2.92%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	141.47	2.64%
4 Fugitive emissions	Fire-fighting equipment and fluorinated gases for air-conditioning equipment	144.10	2.97%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	144.10	2.69%
	SCOPE 1 TOTAL	295.42	6.09%	4.06	25.38%	11.68	5.99%	0.00	0.00%	0.78	0.38%	311.94	5.82%
6 Electricity emissions	Electricity used	0.79	0.02%	0.15	0.96%	19.12	9.81%	8.49	8.66%	2.45	1.19%	31.01	0.58%
	SCOPE 2 TOTAL	0.79	0.02%	0.15	0.96%	19.12	9.81%	8.49	8.66%	2.45	1.19%	31.01	0.58%
8 Other energy-related emissions not listed above	Emissions generated by fuel used and solar electricity generation	93.72	1.93%	1.03	6.47%	2.46	1.26%	0.00	0.00%	0.20	0.10%	97.42	1.82%
9 Products purchased from	Water consumption	2.40	0.05%	0.00	0.02%	0.03	0.01%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	2.43	0.05%
third parties	Raw materials for production, office supplies, containers, drums and packaging	2876.66	59.34%	0.77	4.81%	5.49	2.82%	0.00	0.00%	1.51	0.74%	2884.43	53.79%
11 Waste generation	Waste transport and treatment	77.54	1.60%	0.03	0.16%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.02	0.01%	77.58	1.45%
12 Transportation and distribution of inputs	Raw material for Provital Spain production or finished product	256.63	5.29%	0.23	1.41%	84.28	43.23%	80.92	82.50%	178.38	86.82%	600.43	11.20%
13 Business travel	Our employees' business travel	7.31	0.15%	0.24	1.50%	3.50	1.80%	4.17	4.25%	0.00	0.00%	15.22	0.28%
14 Leased assets	Subcontracted warehouse	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.39	0.40%	0.66	0.32%	1.05	0.02%
17 Transportation of the final	Transportation of samples	9.50	0.20%	0.07	0.43%	0.04	0.02%	0.03	0.03%	0.01	0.00%	9.65	0.18%
product	Transportation of finished products	1128.74	23.28%	8.60	53.76%	62.53	32.07%	3.60	3.67%	15.69	7.63%	1219.16	22.74%
22 Employee commuting	Employee commuting from home to Provital	98.91	2.04%	0.82	5.10%	5.84	3.00%	0.47	0.48%	5.76	2.81%	111.80	2.09%
	SCOPE 3 TOTAL	4551.40	93.89%	11.78	73.66%	164.17	84.20%	89.59	91.34%	202.22	98.43%	5019.17	93.60%
TOTAL CARBON FOOTPRINT for the site		4847.61	91.40%	16.00	0.30%	194.97	3.64%	98.09	1.83%	205.46	3.83%	5362.11	100.00%

### Changes to the Provital carbon footprint





## Changes made between the measurements of 2019 and 2021:

- Data from subsidiaries in Brazil, China and Poland was added, along with data from Provital Spain's office in Germany
- We increased the accuracy of our scope 3
  measurement by including more activity (From
  82% ▶ 92% coverage of finished product distribution
  and raw materials in Spain)

## Changes made between the measurements of 2021 and 2022:

- Carbon footprint verified in 2021 (some changes in Spain's emissions)
- Data coverage increased in all subsidiaries to at least 95% (finished product distribution and raw materials purchasing)
- New indicators based on kg sold and kg produced

### Carbon footprint verification by AENOR

#### The data we report have been audited by independent third parties





Carbon management strategy

Carbon footprint

Reduction plan

#### **AENOR**

Confi

#### Conclusión

Basado en lo anterior, y de acuerdo al nivel de aseguramiento limitado, no hay evidencia que haga suponer que la información sobre emisiones de GEI reportada en el informe elaborado por la organización, de fecha 21/04/223, no sea una representación fiel de las emisiones de sus actividades.

De forma consecuente con esta Declaración a continuación se relacionan los datos de emisiones finalmente

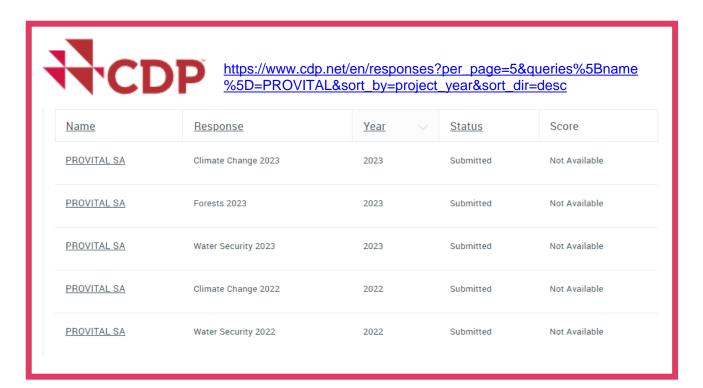
oría 1: Emisiones y remociones directas de GEI		311.94		
		311,94		
Emisiones directas a partir de combustión estacionaria		145,76		
Emisiones directas de combustión móvil		22,08		
Emisiones fugitivas		144,10		
oría 2: Emisiones indirectas de GEI por energía importada		30,53		
	t CO2e (método mercado)	t CO2e (método localización)		
Emisiones indirectas de GEI por electricidad importada		30,53		
oría 3: Emisiones indirectas de GEI por transporte		1.964,8		
- Emisiones causadas por el transporte y distribución de bienes aguas arriba				
- Emisiones causadas por el transporte y distribución de bienes corriente abajo				
<ul> <li>Emisiones causadas por el desplazamiento de los empleados desde sus hogares a los centros de trabajo</li> </ul>				
Emisiones causadas por viajes de negocio		15,22		
- Emisiones causadas transporte de residuos				
	ados por la	3054,84		
Emisiones provenientes de los productos comprados		2.885,78		
Emisiones provenientes de la gestión de residuos		69,03		
- Emisiones procedentes del uso de activos por equipos arrendados				
Emisiones provenientes de servicios contratados (agua)		1,08		
Emisiones producción combustibles (WTT)		97,9		
Emisio	nes Totales	5362.11		
	Emisiones indirectas de GEI por energia importada  Emisiones indirectas de GEI por electricidad importada  Dría 3: Emisiones indirectas de GEI por transporte  Emisiones causadas por el transporte y distribución de bienes  Emisiones causadas por el transporte y distribución de bienes  Emisiones causadas por el desplazamiento de los empleado hogares a los centros de trabajo  Emisiones causadas por viajes de negocio  Emisiones causadas por viajes de negocio  Emisiones causadas transporte de residuos  Dría 4: Emisiones indirectas de GEI por productos utiliza  Zación  Emisiones provenientes de los productos comprados  Emisiones provenientes de la gestión de residuos  Emisiones provenientes de la gestión de residuos  Emisiones provenientes de uso de activos por equipos arrendo  Emisiones provenientes de servicios contratados (agua)  Emisiones producción combustibles (WTT)	pria 2: Emisiones indirectas de GEI por energía importada  t CO2e (método mercado)  Emisiones indirectas de GEI por electricidad importada  oría 3: Emisiones indirectas de GEI por transporte  Emisiones causadas por el transporte y distribución de bienes aguas arriba  Emisiones causadas por el transporte y distribución de bienes corriente abajo  Emisiones causadas por el desplazamiento de los empleados desde sus hogares a los centros de trabajo  Emisiones causadas por viajes de negocio  Emisiones causadas transporte de residuos  oría 4: Emisiones indirectas de GEI por productos utilizados por la zación  Emisiones provenientes de los productos comprados  Emisiones provenientes de la gestión de residuos  Emisiones procedentes del uso de activos por equipos arrendados  Emisiones procedentes del uso de activos por equipos arrendados  Emisiones provenientes de servicios contratados (agua)  Emisiones producción combustibles (WTT)		

Barberá del Vallès, a 19/06/2023

D. Rafael García Meir

**Carbon footprint** 

# We share our CO<sub>2</sub> data publicly to promote transparency



## ecovadis

#### **PROVITAL SA (GROUP)**

BARBERÀ DEL VALLÈS - Spain | Manufacture of other chemical product...

Company size: M  $\odot$  | Assessment scope: **Group**  $\odot$ 

Overall score
7 71/100

Percentile ①
96<sup>th</sup>





## Carbon footprint policy and reduction plan Section 3



## Carbon reduction plan

Ambitious targets backed up by detailed planning

We invite cosmetics brands to contact us if they need help calculating how our products will contribute to their CO<sub>2</sub> reductions.

## Carbon reduction targets

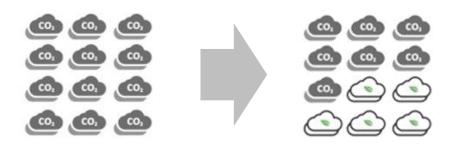
#### Provital has two short-term reduction targets



#### Reduction of our direct emissions

Base Year: 2021	2030 target	
Scope 1 & 2 = 404 t CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.	42% absolute reduction	

Absolute reduction of Scope 1 & 2 emissions, even when accounting for ambitious revenue growth in line with our long- term plan



Aligned with SBTi methodology and the Paris
Agreement

#### Reduction of our products' CO<sub>2</sub> intensity

Base Year: 2021	2030 target
3.94 kg CO₂/kg produced	Intensity reduction of
3.94 kg CO <sub>2</sub> /kg produced	between 33 and 50%

Reduction in kg CO<sub>2</sub> per kg of products manufactured, including Scopes 1, 2 and 3.



Relevant to the market, to our customers, and for our internal management

## Details of how we will achieve our targets

Carbon management strategy

Carbon footprint

Reduction plan

## Our targets are not based on ambiguity: the total impact of our reduction measures corresponds to our reduction targets.

Carbon Footprint Category	Description	Emissions 2021	Projected 2030 emissions without Initiatives action		↓ Emissions	Projected 2030 emissions with action
1 Stationary combustion	Fuel heating system	4	7			7
2 Mobile combustion	Company vehicles	22	35	Electric vehicles	65%	12
3 Production process	Industrial boiler	141	222	Energy-efficient boiler	60%	89
4 Fugitive emissions	Liquid refrigerants and fire safety equipment	144	227 Management of refrigeration equipment		66%	78
Scope 1 Subtotal		312	491		-	186
6 Electricity emissions	Electricity used	31	WWTP electricity consumption, heat/cold recovery, sustainable architecture, solar panels		60%	12
Scope 2 Subtotal		31	49			12
Total Scope 1+2 emissions		343	539			198
8 Other energy-related emissions	Production of energy used	97	153	Linked to fuel reduction from other initiatives	60%	61
9 Water consumption	Water consumption	2	4			4
9 Products purchased from third parties	Raw materials for production	2,884	4,536	Cultivation of raw materials, sustainable purchasing policy, raising awareness among suppliers, eco-design, etc.	63%	1,675
11 Waste generation	Waste transport and treatment	78	122			122
12 Transportation and distribution of inputs	Transportation of raw materials	600	944	Cultivation of raw materials, raising awareness among suppliers	33%	633
13 Business travel	Our employees' business travel	15	24	Sustainable travel	15%	20
14 Leased assets	Subcontracted warehouse	1	2			2
17 Transportation of the final product	Transportation of samples	10	15	Logistics optimization, Promoting	33%	10
17 Transportation of the final product	Transportation of finished products	1,219	1,917	sustainable shipping	33%	1,285
22 Employee commuting	Employee commuting	112	176	Commuting		176
Scope 3 Subtotal		5,019 7,894				3,987
Total Scope 1+2+3 emissions		5,362	62 8,433			4,186
Production in kg		1,359,780	59,780 2,138,572			2,138,572
Intensity (kg CO <sub>2</sub> /kg produced)		3.94	3.94			1.96

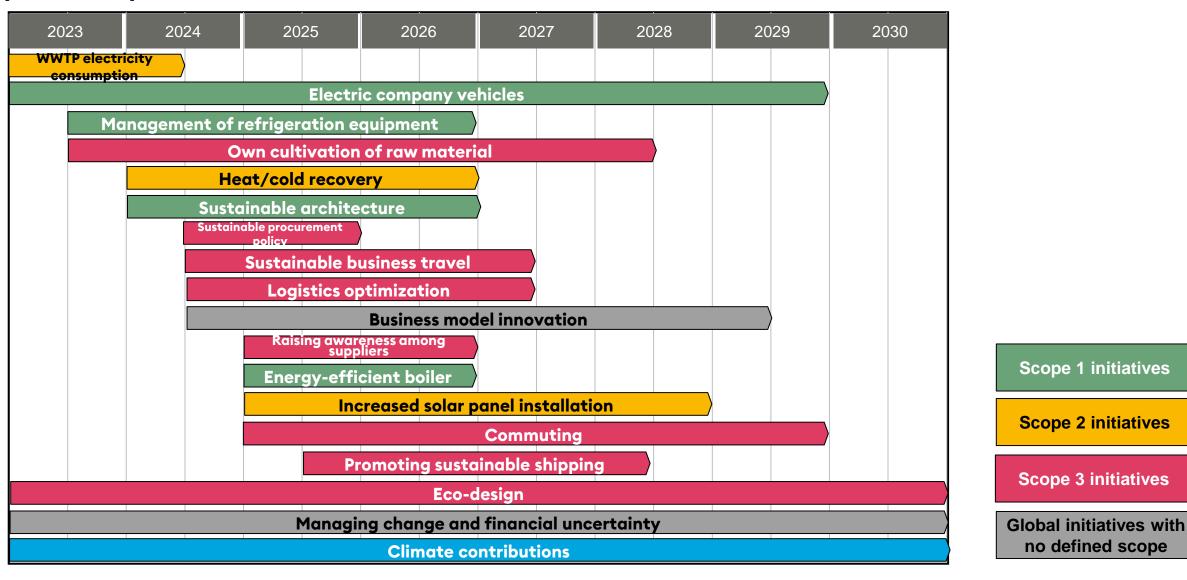
**42% reduction** of Scope 1 + 2 emissions

**3–50% reduction** f CO<sub>2</sub>/kg produced

#### Carbon reduction measures

Carbon management Carbon footprint Reduction plan

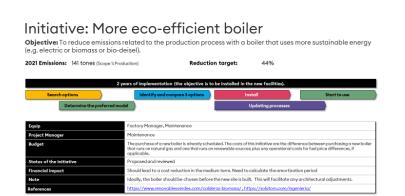
We evaluated 40 possible carbon reduction measures. We prioritized them and designed operational plans to implement 17 initiatives.



### **Details of key initiatives:**

## Carbon management Strategy Carbon footprint Reduction plan

Certain measures stand out for their strategic importance and high impact.



Solar heat and new advances in industrial heat pump technology give us the opportunity to reduce heat-related emissions throughout our production process.



We still have significant opportunities to reduce logistics emissions. This includes upstream, downstream and internal logistics optimization.



Eco-design—specifically the substitution of petroleum-based solvents in our products—is the most important lever for achieving Scope 3 reductions.

## Reduction plan: Governance



## Our plan is underpinned by clear governance mechanisms and the commitment of senior management Roles and responsibilities

**Role:** Program sponsor

**Reporting to:** Provital CEO

**Responsibility:** Decision-making, budgetary control, obstacle

removal



**Role:** Subsidiary representatives

**Reporting to:** One representative from each subsidiary **Responsibility:** Key contact for input, decision-making and

the progress of each subsidiary

**Role:** Team leaders

Reporting to: QHSE

**Responsibility:** To design, build and implement the plan in

collaboration with various departments and

subsidiaries.



**Role:** Initiatives leader

**Reporting to:** Managers from various departments

**Responsibility:** Responsible for approving and implementing

reduction measures related to their area.

#### **Meetings**

Meeting	Aims	Organizer	Participants	Agenda	Timing	Results
GHG management meeting	Overall program review with regular progress reports	QHSE	Team Leader, QHSE Team	<ul><li>Identify and resolve key issues</li><li>Coordinate resources</li></ul>	30 minutes every two weeks	<ul> <li>The program's status is clear</li> <li>Projects are operating with minimal risks and obstacles</li> </ul>
Meetings focusing on individual initiatives	Update the status of individual initiatives	Leader of each initiative	Varies according to each initiative	Status of individual initiatives	Varies according to each initiative	The project is achieving the expected results and deadlines
Coordination meeting	Support and consider input from subsidiaries	QHSE	One representative from each subsidiary	<ul> <li>Status of the subsidiaries' initiatives</li> <li>Proposals from subsidiaries</li> </ul>	1 hour per month	Subsidiaries take the lead in reducing their GHGs
Sponsors meeting	Evaluate progress and make key decisions	QHSE	CEO	<ul><li>Risks and decisions</li><li>Budget</li><li>Target monitoring</li></ul>	1 hour every 2 months	Key decisions taken (projects initiated, financed, cancelled)

#### Climate contributions

Carbon management strategy Carbon footprint Reduction plan

Carbon reduction is more powerful than compensation.

Nonetheless, in 2023 we contributed €75,000 to Verified Carbon Standard climate initiatives to offset our 2021 base-year emissions



We are committed to continuing to make climate contributions, alongside reducing our carbon footprint

### An evolving carbon management model

Carbon management Strategy Carbon footprint Reduction plan

Provital currently manages CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at company level. However, we are improving our data and our capabilities to manage CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at process and product level.

#### 4: PRODUCT LEVEL

Capacity to measure, report and reduce CO<sub>2</sub> at product level.

#### 3: PROCESS LEVEL

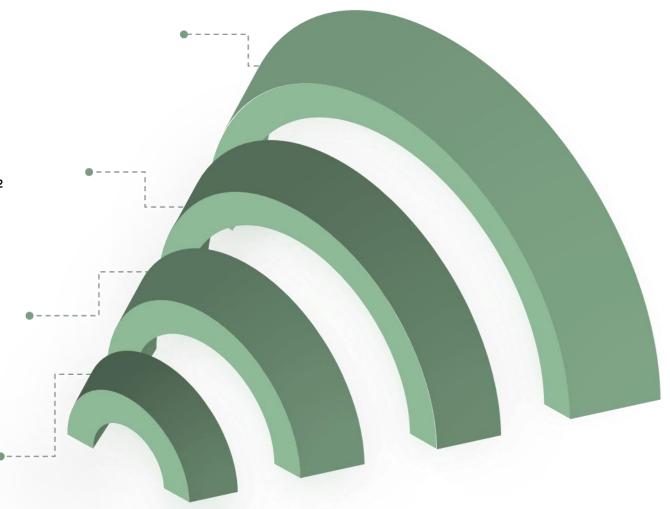
Capacity to measure, report and reduce the CO<sub>2</sub> of specific processes.

#### 2: COMPANY-WIDE

Capacity to measure, report and reduce the company's CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

#### 1: BASIC

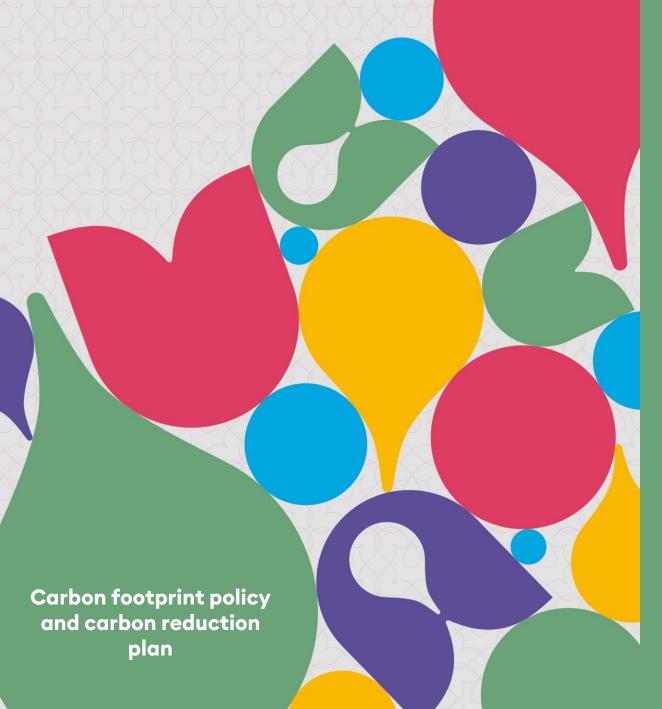
Capacity to measure, report and reduce the company's CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.



## Scopes and levels of carbon management

The following table provides an overview of the carbon management actions included in this plan (in dark grey) and future actions that Provital aims to implement but that are not included in the current plan.

STRATEGY	FINANCE	MEASUREMENT AND REPORTING	REDUCTION	SCOPE 3	COMMUNICATION AND ACTIVISM
Carbon management plan	Climate contributions	Basic GHG accounting	Quick wins	Basic measurement	Ad hoc commitment: advertisements
Robust governance	Management of financial uncertainty (internal CO₂ tax)	Full organizational accounting based on expenditure or emission factors	Reduction plan	Targets	Internal communication
Carbon management aligned with business strategy	Risk detection and management	Carbon footprint auditing	Reduction targets	General engagement with suppliers	Structured change management plan
Scenario planning and adaptation	Identifying financing options	Public information: CDP	Eco-design based on LCA data	Supplier-level data and segmentation	Organizations
Business model innovation	Banking with green institutions	Use of LCA to provide more detail on high- priority items	Advanced measures: Business model innovation	Specific commitment to help suppliers with the highest impact	Political participation





## Thank you!

If you have any questions, please contact us via e-mail: <a href="mailto:ghse@weareprovital.com">ghse@weareprovital.com</a>

You can find more details about our environmental management, as well as our sustainability policy and annual report on our website at :www.weareprovital.com/en/our-impact